The Better Care Reconciliation Act would take health care away from many older Rhode Islanders.

The Better Care Reconciliation Act of 2017 (BCRA) would make it harder for older adults in Rhode Island to afford the health care they need. Under the BCRA:

**Older Rhode Islanders may lose access to nursing home care, home health care, and other services that help them maintain their independence.**

- Proposed cuts to Medicaid would slash federal funding by $772 billion, forcing states to cut important services for older adults, such as long-term services and supports.
- Medicaid is the primary payer for 63% of nursing facilities in Rhode Island.
- Approximately 23,483 Rhode Islanders received long-term services and supports through Medicaid.
- About 13.3% of Rhode Island’s Medicaid beneficiaries are older adults; approximately 39,000 people ages 50-64 and 23,000 seniors in Rhode Island benefit from Medicaid.
- The proposed Medicaid cuts will deepen even more severely starting in 2025, just as “baby boomers” start turning 80. Cuts of 35% by 2036 will make it impossible for Rhode Island to meet the needs of its growing aging population. By 2025, the number of Rhode Islanders over age 65 is expected to grow by 28.1%.

**Older adults may not be able to afford to pay their health insurance premiums.**

- As of 2016, 10,000 Rhode Islanders ages 50-64 received tax credits to purchase coverage through the Marketplace. Nationwide, one in four people (26%) enrolled in Marketplace plans are ages 55-64.
- For a 60-year-old living in Providence, Rhode Island with an income of $30,000/year, net insurance premiums for a Silver plan after tax credits could rise by 127% in 2020. Net premiums for a bronze plan could increase by 418%.
- By changing the 3:1 limit on age rating to 5:1 (or higher if state law permits), premiums for older adults would increase relative to younger adults. This “age tax” by itself would raise premiums in Rhode Island by $1,523 annually for a 60-year-old.
- The proposed bill also rolls back expanded Medicaid coverage, which currently provides affordable health care to 60,500 Rhode Islanders, including many 50- to 64-year-olds.

**There would be fewer resources to fund Medicare.**

- BCRA includes a huge tax cut, totaling $58 billion, for wealthy individuals that will harm Medicare’s financing in the short- and long-term, putting people with Medicare at risk for benefit cuts.
- BCRA opens the door to premium support which would likely put the 21% of Rhode Islanders ages 50-64 at risk for paying higher out-of-pocket costs once they enroll in Medicare.
- Older Rhode Islanders cannot afford to pay more for health care. The median personal income among Rhode Islanders ages 65 and older in 2015 was $22,800.